

Long-term plan

Standard

Our 30-week EYFS, KS1 and KS2 long-term plan for **Music** is designed for schools that deliver the subject each week, leaving some time for extra-curricular and other opportunities.

N.B. This document is regularly updated to reflect changes to our content. This version was created on 20.10.2023. Please click here to download the latest version.





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Contents:

How does Kapow Primary help our school to mee	et statutory guidance for Music?	3
How does Kapow Primary's scheme for music ali	ign with the National Curriculum?	4
How is the Music scheme of work organised?		5
Inter-related dimensions of music		5
How does the Kapow Primary Music scheme of v	work support non-specialist teachers?	6
Diversity in the Kapow Primary Music curriculur	m	7
A spiral curriculum / Is there any flexibility in the	e Kapow Primary music scheme?	8
Short of curriculum time?		9
Model Music Curriculum: Instrumental scheme		10
Guidance: How to fit in our Instrumental scheme	e units	11
Other useful documentation		12
Suggested long-term plan: Music - Overview (All	l year groups)	13
Suggested long-term plan: Music - Outline (EYFS	5)	14
Suggested long-term plan: Music - Outline (KS1)		15-16
Suggested long-term plan: Music (Lower KS2)		17-18
Suggested long-term plan: Music (Upper KS2)		19-20
Suggested long-term plan: Music - Outline (Instru Primary 2022	r <mark>umental scheme)</mark> Standard long-term plan	21 www.kapowprim

How does Kapow Primary help our school to meet the statutory guidance for Music?

Our scheme of work fulfils the statutory requirements for computing outlined in the **National Curriculum (2014)** and aligns with the Department for Education's **Model Music Curriculum (2021).** For more information please see our <u>Guide: Model music curriculum alignment</u>.



How does Kapow Primary's scheme for Music align with the National Curriculum?

Our scheme of work fulfils the statutory requirements of the **National Curriculum (2014)**. The National Curriculum for Music aims to ensure that all pupils: From these aims, we have identified five strands which run throughout our scheme of work:



Our <u>National curriculum mapping</u> document shows which of Kapow Primary's units cover each of the National Curriculum Attainment targets as well as each of our five strands. National Curriculum links are also on each individual lesson plan, along with cross-curricular links to other subjects.

How is the Music scheme of work organised?



Inter-related dimensions of music

The inter-related dimensions of music are:

- Pulse
- Pitch
- Duration
- Dynamics
- Tempo

- Timbre
- Texture
- Structure
- Appropriate musical notation



Sometimes known as the elements of music, these are the building blocks of music and therefore run throughout our scheme of work as an overarching strand.

How does the Kapow Primary Music scheme of work support non-specialist teachers?

Before the lesson

Kapow Primary lessons give Music CPD at the point of need, with Teacher videos included in the *Before the lesson* section of the lessons. These videos develop teachers' subject knowledge, model certain activities and gives tips about how to manage the upcoming lesson.

Many lessons also include written tips and information that can be easily referred to while teaching.

Music: Composing and improvising skills KS1





Teacher skills videos

For more general CPD, there are also a wealth of teacher skills videos, designed to enhance teachers' subject confidence. They can be found <u>here.</u>

These videos cover a wide range of musical skills and techniques, including tempo, rhythm, staff notation, dynamics, composing, and improvisation, making music education both engaging and enriching.

Diversity in the Kapow Primary Music curriculum

In the main scheme we include:

- A wide range of music from every continent in the world.
- Discrete units on Indian classical music, Samba. and South and West Africa.
- A wide variety of musical genres studied including: pop, jazz, baroque, blues and rock and roll.
- Both contemporary and traditional music.
- Representation of composers and musicians from diverse ethnic backgrounds.
- Representation of both male and female musicians.

You can download the <u>Music: List of songs, artists and composers</u> to see the specifics.

In the instrumental scheme we include:

- Only one western form of music represented minimalism (which in itself is heavily influenced by non-Western traditions).
- Discrete units on Calypso, Salsa, Gumboot dancing, Bollywood, and Gamelan music - exploring each musical tradition in depth.
- Discussion of broader issues e.g. slavery and the impact of movement of peoples on the development of musical styles.



A spiral curriculum

Kapow Primary's Music scheme has been designed as a spiral curriculum with the following key principles in mind:

- Cyclical: Pupils return to the same skills and knowledge again and again during their time in primary school.
- Increasing depth: Each time a skill or area of knowledge is revisited it, is covered with greater depth.
- Prior knowledge: Upon returning to a skill, prior knowledge is utilised so pupils can build upon previous foundations, rather than starting again.

Is there any flexibility in the Kapow Primary music scheme?

Our Music scheme of work is organised into units.

Within each unit, lessons must be taught in order as they build upon one another.

Across a single year group, units themselves do not need to be taught in the suggested order.

This flexibility allows schools to adapt the planning to suit their school and to make use of cross-curricular links available.

N.B Units should not be moved between year groups, unless you are following our guidance for mixed-age planning. This is because pupil progression will be compromised.

Please note that our Instrumental scheme is progressive and units and lessons must be taught in order.



Short of curriculum time?

At Kapow Primary we understand that curriculum time is always tight in primary schools.

Therefore, we have created a Condensed curriculum version of our Long term plan to help those schools who want to ensure coverage of the National Curriculum, without dedicating an hour a week to Music.

Our Condensed curriculum long term plan abstracts units which cover key skills and knowledge in only 20 lessons.

We have ensured there is a range of musical styles covered and that the Inter-related dimensions of music (pulse, pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure, appropriate musical notation) are given similar attention in terms of coverage.

This version of our Long term plan could be used if teaching Music in a two-week, half termly cycle or through blocking the foundation subjects. Or it could simply be used to relieve pressure on curriculum time.



Model Music Curriculum: Instrumental scheme

The DfE's Model Music Curriculum 2021 states that:

'In Years 3 or 4, it is recommended that each class should start a whole-class instrumental programme lasting a minimum of one term...Opportunities for development should continue beyond the mandatory term.'

At Kapow Primary we have created an Instrumental scheme which is a progressive scheme of 6 units (30 lessons) and accompanying teacher videos.

Each unit of lessons focuses on music from a different part of the world and features a bespoke piece of music composed specifically for the scheme and includes sheet music, performance and backing tracks.

The lessons are written for tuned percussion instruments because: they are accessible for non-specialists to teach and are effective for learning notation because the note names are written on the bars and are already available in many schools. In addition, *the Ofsted music 2023 review highlights that 'shallow experiences' with too many instruments doesn't provide pupils with enough technical ability in order to play expressively* - our instrumental scheme streamlines the focus to allow technique to develop and therefore for pupils to begin to play with expression on one instrument.

Ideally, this scheme would take place alongside Kapow Primary's current units by allocating extra time to music learning in your school.

If this is not possible, you can choose to replace some of the Year 3 or Year 4 Kapow units with two or more of the units from the instrumental scheme. See <u>Guidance:</u> <u>How to fit in our Instrumental scheme units</u> for more information. Pupils must follow the Instrumental scheme in order so ensure that they start with the **South Africa** © Kapo and **Caribbean** units. Standard long-term plan





		Organisation			Considerations	
Option 1	Replace the whole of the Year 3 or Year 4 music scheme with the Instrumental scheme.		 This option still gives you full coverage of the National curriculum. This gives pupils a chance to develop their skills with an instrument to a high level. You may not want to do this if you have a favourite unit or if a unit ties in with your Topic. 			
Option 2	Teach the instrumental scheme alongside our current Kapow Primary music scheme. This would work best in Year 3 or Year 4 but could be done at any point in KS2.		• This would require extra time to be timetabled for music learning . We recommend 45 mins each week for the existing scheme and 45 mins each week for the instrumental.			
Option 2 example:	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Existing Year 3 Kapow Primary units	<u>Ballads</u>	<u>Creating compositions in</u> response to an animation (Theme: Mountains)	<u>Developing singing</u> <u>technique</u> (Theme: The Vikings)	Pentatonic melodies and composition (Theme: Chinese New Year)	Jazz	<u>Traditional instruments</u> and improvisation (Theme: India)
Instrumental scheme units	South Africa	<u>Caribbean</u>	South America	Indonesia	India	North America
Option 3	Replace two (or more) units of the Year 3 or Year 4 scheme of work with the first two (or more) units from the Instrumental scheme.		'whole-class instruYou will still have f	to cover the Model music curr mental programme lasting a n ull coverage of the National Cu ou more flexibility to continue e.	ninimum of one term.' urriculum.	
Option 3 example:	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Units	<u>Ballads</u>	<u>Creating compositions in</u> <u>response to an animation</u> (<u>Theme: Mountains)</u>	Instrumental scheme: <u>South Africa</u>	Pentatonic melodies and composition (Theme: Chinese New Year)	Instrumental scheme: <u>Caribbean</u>	<u>Traditional instruments</u> and improvisation (Theme: India)

Other useful documentation

There are a number of key documents which can support you in planning our **Music** scheme of work. Please see the <u>Music Subject planning page</u> on the website to find these documents and more.

- <u>National curriculum mapping</u>
 - Shows how our scheme of work meets the National Curriculum requirements.
- Progression of skills and knowledge document
 - Shows how understanding and application of key concepts and skills builds year on year.
- List of songs, artists and composers
- Music: Equipment list
- Assessment spreadsheet
- Intent, Implementation, Impact statement
- Music key skills and knowledge by unit



Units can be taught in a different order as long as they remain within the same year group. N.B. All units contain five lessons, unless otherwise stated.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	Exploring sound	<u>Celebration music</u>	Music and movement	<u>Musical stories</u>	<u>Transport</u>	Big band
Year 1	<u>Pulse and rhythm</u> (Theme: All about me)	<u>Tempo</u> (Theme: Snail and mouse)	<u>Musical vocabulary</u> (Theme: Under the sea)	<u>Timbre and rhythmic</u> <u>patterns</u> (<u>Theme: Fairy tales)</u>	<u>Pitch and tempo</u> (<u>Theme: Superheroes)</u>	<u>Vocal and body sounds:</u> (<u>Theme: By the sea)</u>
Year 2	<u>West African call and</u> <u>response song</u> (<u>Theme: Animals)</u>	<u>Orchestral instruments</u> (<u>Theme: Traditional</u> <u>stories)</u>	<u>Musical me</u>	<u>Dynamics, timbre, tempo</u> <u>and motifs</u> <u>(Theme: Space)</u>	<u>On this island: British</u> songs and sounds	<u>Myths and legends</u>
Year 3	<u>Ballads</u>	<u>Creating compositions in</u> <u>response to an animation</u> (Theme: Mountains)	<u>Developing singing</u> <u>technique</u> <u>(Theme: The Vikings)</u>	Pentatonic melodies and composition (Theme: Chinese New Year)	Jazz	<u>Traditional instruments</u> and improvisation (Theme: India)
Year 4	Body and tuned percussion (Theme: Rainforests)	Rock and roll	<u>Changes in pitch, tempo</u> <u>and dynamics (Theme:</u> <u>Rivers)</u>	<u>Haiku, music and</u> <u>performance (Theme:</u> <u>Hanami)</u>	Samba and carnival sounds and instruments	Adapting and transposing motifs (Theme: Romans)
Year 5	<u>Composition notation</u> (Theme: Ancient Egypt)	<u>Blues</u>	South and West Africa	<u>Composition to represent</u> <u>the festival of colour</u> (<u>Theme: Holi festival</u>)	Looping and remixing	Musical theatre
Year 6	<u>Dynamics, pitch and</u> <u>tempo</u> (Theme: Fingal's Cave	Songs of WW2	<u>Film music</u>	<u>Theme and variations</u> (Theme: Pop Art)	<u>Baroque</u>	<u>Composing and</u> performing a Leavers' <u>Song</u> (6 lessons)



Suggested long-term plan: Music - Outline (EYFS)

Unit 1	Exploring sound (5 lessons) Exploring how we can use our voice, bodies and instruments to make sounds, and identifying sounds in the environment.	
Unit 2	<u>Celebration music</u> (5 lessons) Learning about the music from a range of cultural and religious celebrations, including Diwali, Hanukkah, Kwanzaa and Christmas.	
Unit 3	Music and movement (5 lessons) Creating simple actions to well-known songs, learning how to move to a beat and expressing feelings and emotions through movement to music.	
Unit 4	<u>Musical stories</u> (5 lessons) Moving to music with instruction, changing movements to match the tempo, pitch or dynamics and learning that music and instruments can convey moods or represent characters.	
Unit 5	Transport (5 lessons) Identifying and copying sounds produced by different vehicles using voices, bodies and instruments, demonstrating tempo changes and understanding how symbols can represent sound.	Our EYFS lessons are a natural precursor to our Year 1 Music plans and focus not only on discrete music learning but also on how to incorporate music into all the other areas of learning. Please read the teacher guidance for:
Unit 6	Big band (5 lessons) Learning about what makes a musical instrument, the four different groups of musical instruments, following a beat using an untuned instrument and performing a practised song.	Teacher guidance: Music and continuous provision



Suggested long-term plan: Music - Outline (KS1)

		Year 1	
	Pulse and rhythm (Theme: All about me) (5 lessons)		Tempo (Theme: Snail and mouse) (5 lessons)
Autumn 1	Identifying the difference between the pulse and rhythm of a song and consolidating understanding of these concepts through listening and performing activities.	Autumn 2	Using voices, bodies and instruments to listen and respond to different pieces of music. Learning and performing a rhyme and song with a focus on tempo.
	Musical Vocabulary (Theme: Under the sea) (5 lessons)		Timbre and rhythmic patterns (Theme: Fairytales) (5 lessons)
Spring 1	Exploring key musical vocabulary, through making visits to underwater worlds and a coral reef. Listening and moving to different types of sea themed music.	Spring 2	Introducing the concept of timbre; learning that different sounds can represent characters and key events in a story. Clapping to the syllables of words and phrases before creating rhythmic patterns.
	Pitch and tempo (Theme: Superheroes) (5 lessons)		Vocal and body sounds: (Theme: By the sea) (5 lessons)
Summer 1	Learning how to identify high and low notes and to compose a simple tune, exploring some different instruments and investigating how tempo changes help tell a story and make music more exciting.	Summer 2	Children are encouraged to feel pieces of music, conveying mood through movement and making links between music, sounds and environments.



Suggested long-term plan: Music - Outline (KS1)

	Year 2	
West African call and response song (Theme: Animals) (5 lessons)		Orchestral instruments (Theme: Traditional Western stories) (5 lessons)
Using instruments to represent animals, copying rhythms, learning a traditional African call and response song and recognising simple notation, progressing to creating animal-based call and response rhythms.	Autumn 2	Introducing the instruments of the orchestra. Learning how different characters can be represented by timbre, how emotions can be represented by pitch and how changes in tempo can convey action.
<u>Musical me</u> (5 lessons)		Dynamics, timbre, tempo and motifs (Theme: Space) (5 lessons)
Learning to sing the song 'Once a Man Fell in a Well' and to play it using tuned percussion, adding sound effects, experimenting with timbre and dynamics and using letter notation to write a melody.	Spring 2	Identifying dynamics, timbre, tempo and instruments in music heard and comparing pieces by the same composer. Visually representing music in creative and more formal ways and learning to play and compose motifs.
On this island: British songs and sounds (5 lessons)		Myths and Legends (5 lessons)
Taking inspiration from the British Isles, exploring how to create sounds to represent three contrasting landscapes: seaside, countryside and city, creating their own soundscapes.	Summer 2	Developing understanding of musical language and how timbre, dynamics and tempo affect the mood of a song. Learning to create music through the use of a graphic score.
	Using instruments to represent animals, copying rhythms, learning a traditional African call and response song and recognising simple notation, progressing to creating animal-based call and response rhythms. <u>Musical me (5 lessons)</u> Learning to sing the song 'Once a Man Fell in a Well' and to play it using tuned percussion, adding sound effects, experimenting with timbre and dynamics and using letter notation to write a melody. <u>On this island: British songs and sounds (5 lessons)</u> Taking inspiration from the British Isles, exploring how to create sounds to represent three contrasting landscapes: seaside,	West African call and response song (Theme: Animals) (5 lessons) Autumn 2 Using instruments to represent animals, copying rhythms, learning a traditional African call and response song and recognising simple notation, progressing to creating animal-based call and response rhythms. Autumn 2 Musical me (5 lessons) Musical me (5 lessons) Spring 2 On this island: British songs and sounds (5 lessons) Spring 2 Taking inspiration from the British Isles, exploring how to create sounds to represent three contrasting landscapes: seaside, Cummor 2



Suggested long-term plan: Music (Lower KS2)

		Year 3	
	Ballads (5 lessons)		<u>Creating compositions in response to an animation (Theme: Mountains)</u> (5 lessons)
Autumn 1	Learning what ballads are, how to identify their features and how to convey different emotions when performing Selecting vocabulary to describe a story, before turning it into lyrics following the structure of a traditional ballad.	Autumn 2	Listening to music and considering the narrative it represents by paying close attention to the dynamics, pitch and tempo and how they change throughout the piece. Creating original compositions to match an animation.
	Developing singing technique (Theme: The Vikings) (5 lessons)	Spring 2	Pentatonic melodies and composition (Theme: Chinese New Year) (5 lessons)
Spring 1	Developing singing technique; learning to keep in time, musical notation and rhythm, culminating in a group performance of a song with actions.		Using the story of Chinese New Year as a stimulus: revising key musical terminology, playing and creating pentatonic melodies, composing a piece of music in a group using layered melodies and performing a finished piece.
	Jazz (5 lessons)		<u>Traditional instruments and improvisation (Theme: India)</u> (5 lessons)
Summer 1	Learning about ragtime style music, traditional jazz music and scat singing. Children create a jazz motif using a swung rhythm and play a jazz version of a nursery rhyme using tuned percussion.	Summer 2	Introducing to traditional Indian music. Learning about the rag and tal, listening to a range of examples of Indian music, identifying traditional instruments and creating improvisations and performing.



Suggested long-term plan: Music (Lower KS2)

		Year 4	
	Body and tuned percussion (Theme: Rainforests) (5 lessons)		Rock and Roll (5 lessons)
Autumn 1	Exploring the rainforest through music whilst being introduced to new musical terms. Using a mixture of body percussion and tuned percussion instruments to create rhythms of the rainforest, layer by layer.	Autumn 2	Learning about the origin and features of rock and roll music, playing the Hand Jive and Rock Around the Clock, looking specifically at a walking bass line, and performing a while-class piece.
Spring 1	Changes in pitch, tempo and dynamics (Theme: Rivers) (5 lessons) Linking to geography learning, pupils represent different stages of the river through vocal and percussive ostinatos, culminating in a final group performance.	Spring 2	Haiku, music and performance (Theme: Hanami) (5 lessons) Using descriptive vocabulary to create a Haiku, putting it to music and adding percussion sound effects to bring all elements together before a final, group performance.
	Samba and carnival sounds and instruments (5 lessons)		Adapting and transposing motifs (Theme: Romans) (5 lessons)
Summer 1	Introducing samba and the sights and sounds of the carnival. Learning about the traditional sounds and instruments, syncopated rhythms and composing their samba breaks.	Summer 2	Drawing upon their understanding of repeating patterns in music, pupils are introduced to the concept of motifs and adapt and transpose motifs and perform them to their peers.



Suggested long-term plan: Music (Upper KS2)

		Year 5	
	<u>Composition notation (Theme: Ancient Egypt)</u> (5 lessons)		Blues (5 lessons)
Autumn 1	Identifying the pitch and rhythm of written notes and experimenting with notating their compositions in different ways to help develop their understanding of staff notation.	Autumn 2	Identifying the key features and mood of Blues music and its importance and purpose. Learning the 12-bar Blues and the Blues scale, and combining these to create an improvised piece with a familiar, repetitive backing.
	South and West Africa (5 lessons)		<u>Composition to represent the festival of colour (Theme: Holi festival)</u> (5 lessons)
Spring 1	Learning 'Shosholoza', a traditional South African song, playing the accompanying chords using tuned percussion and learning to play the djembe and some dance moves.	Spring 2	Exploring the associations between music, sounds and colour, composing and, as a class and performing their own musical composition to represent Holi.
	Looping and remixing (5 lessons)		Musical theatre (5 lessons)
Summer 1	Learning how dance music is created, focusing particularly on the use of loops, and learning how to play a well known song before putting a dance music spin on it to create their own versions.	Summer 2	An introduction to musical theatre, learning how singing, acting and dancing can be combined to give an overall performance, exploring how music can be used to tell a story and learning about performance aspects.



Suggested long-term plan: Music (Upper KS2)

		Year 6	
	Dynamics, pitch and tempo (Theme: Fingal's Cave) (5 lessons)		Songs of WW2 (5 lessons)
Autumn 1	Appraising the work of Mendelssohn and further developing the skills of improvisation and composition.	Autumn 2	Developing greater accuracy in pitch and control. Identifying pitches within an octave when singing and using knowledge of pitch to develop confidence when singing in parts.
	Film music (5 lessons)		Theme and Variations (Theme: Pop Art) (5 lessons)
Spring 1	Exploring and identifying the characteristics of film music. Creating a composition and graphic score to perform alongside a film.	Spring 2	Exploring the musical concept of theme and variations and discovering how rhythms can 'translate' onto different instruments
	<u>Baroque</u> (5 lessons)		Composing and performing a Leavers' Song (6 lessons)
Summer 1	Exploring music of the Baroque Period (from 1600-1750). Looking at the great Baroque composers and musicians and at the structural and stylistic features of the music that they wrote and performed.	Summer 2	Creating their own leavers' song personal to their experiences as a class; listening to and critiquing well known songs, writing the lyrics,, exploring the concept of the four chord backing track and composing melodies.



Suggested long-term plan: Music - Outline (Instrumental scheme)

Unit 1	<u>South Africa</u> (5 lessons) Learning about South African music, singing and playing a gumboot dance-style piece in two parts, as well as learning the basics of staff	
Unit 2	Caribbean (5 lessons) Learning about Calypso music, singing and playing a calypso song in two parts from staff notation and adding their own improvisations.	
Unit 3	South America (5 lessons) Learning about the music of South America, performing a salsa style piece in 2 parts from staff notation and adding their own improvisations on tuned and untuned percussion.	
Unit 4	Indonesia (5 lessons) Learning about the key features of gamelan music, and playing a gamelan inspired piece in two parts on tuned percussion using staff notation.	
Unit 5	India (5 lessons) Learning about the history of Indian film and its key musical features, through performing and composing activities using a specially composed film music soundtrack.	Our Instrumental scheme is a progressive scheme of 6 units (30 lessons) and accompanying teacher videos. See <u>Guidance for how to fit in our Instrumental scheme</u> for suggestions of how to incorporate our Instrumental scheme into music teaching in your school.
Unit 6	North America (5 lessons) Learning about the key features of minimalism and how it has been influenced by other musical styles, while singing and playing a minimalist piece in two parts from staff notation.	



This page shows updates to this document.

Date	Update
31.07.23	New unit (Transport) added to EYFS scheme for school year 2023-24. Y6 unit Advanced rhythms has been archived and is replaced by the Baroque unit in Year 6.
20.10.23	New unit (Tempo: Snail and mouse) added to Year 1 (p.13, p.15) Extra information added about Diversity in the Kapow primary curriculum (p. 7) and about how Kapow can support non-specialists (p. 6).